

(Secs. 1-2.)

## BOMBAY ACT No. VII OF 1866 [a].

*(The assent of the Governor General of India to this Act was first published by the Governor of Bombay on the 31st May, 1866.)*

An Act to limit the liability of a son, grandson or heir of a deceased Hindú for the debts of his ancestor, and the liability of the second husband of a Hindú widow for the debts of her deceased husband, and otherwise to amend the law of debtor and creditor.

WHEREAS, according to the law in force, as applied to Hindús by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in the exercise of its ordinary original civil jurisdiction, no son or grandson of a deceased Hindú is liable for the debts of his ancestor merely by reason of his being such son or grandson, and no son, grandson or other heir of a deceased Hindú, who has received assets of the deceased, is merely from that circumstance liable for the debts of his ancestor beyond the amount of the assets received, and no person marrying a Hindú widow is liable in consequence of such marriage for the debts of her former or any prior deceased husband; Preamble.

and whereas a different law is applied to Hindús by the Civil Courts which exercise jurisdiction in places beyond the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of the said High Court, and it is expedient to amend the law as applied by such other Courts, and to make the law in that respect uniform throughout the Presidency of Bombay;

and whereas it is also expedient to limit the liability of a Hindú for a family-debt contracted when he was unborn or under twenty-one years of age;

It is hereby enacted and declared as follows:—

1. No son or grandson of a deceased Hindú shall, merely by reason of his being such son or grandson, be liable to be sued for any of the debts of such deceased Hindú.

Hindú son or grandson not liable as such for debt of ancestor.

2. No son, grandson or heir of a deceased Hindú, who has by himself or his agent received or taken possession of any property belonging to the deceased, shall be liable personally for any of the debts of the deceased, merely by reason of his having so received or taken possession of any such property; but the liability of such son, grandson or heir, in respect of such debts, shall be as the representative of such deceased Hindú, and shall be limited to paying the sum out of and to the extent of the property of the deceased which such son, grandson or heir, or any other person by his order or to his use, has received or taken possession of as aforesaid, and which remains unapplied:

Heir to be liable as representative of deceased ancestor only to extent of assets received.

[a] Bom. Act VII of 1866 has been declared, by notification under the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874, to be in force in the Province of Sindh—see Appendix to Vol. I of this Code, p. xxxiii.

Liability in respect of assets received and not applied.

Provided that, if any part of such property so received or taken possession of as aforesaid shall not have been duly applied by such son, grandson or heir, he shall be liable personally for such debts to the extent of the property not duly applied by him.

3.—[*Pending suits.*] *Repealed by Act XII of 1873.*

Husband of Hindú widow not liable for debt of deceased former husband. Liability of member of undivided Hindú family for family-debts contracted during his minority.

4. No person who has married a Hindú widow shall, merely by reason of such marriage, be liable for any of the debts of any prior deceased husband of such widow<sup>[a]</sup>.

5. Where a debt is contracted after this Act shall come into operation by one or more members of an undivided Hindú family, under such circumstances as that the same forms the debt of the undivided family, no member of such undivided family, who is unborn or under the age of twenty-one years at the time of the contracting of such debt, shall be liable personally to pay the same, but such member shall only be liable to pay the same out of and to the extent of the property of the undivided Hindú family, and of the separate property, if any, belonging to any deceased members of the undivided family who were above the age of twenty-one years at the time of the contracting the same, received or taken possession of by such member or any other person by his order or to his use and remaining unapplied, unless any part of such property so received or taken possession of as aforesaid shall not have been duly applied by such member, in which case he shall be further liable personally for such debt to the extent of the property not duly applied by him.

Saving of liability of surviving member of undivided Hindú family.

6. Except as provided in section 5 <sup>[b]</sup>, nothing in this Act contained shall be construed as limiting or affecting the liability of any person as surviving member or one of the surviving members of an undivided Hindú family for any debt contracted under such circumstances as that the surviving member or surviving members of such undivided family is or are by the law now in force liable to pay the same.

Interpretation.

7. The term "debts," as used in this Act, shall be construed to include all liabilities arising out of any claims which could or might be enforced against a deceased Hindú himself if living, and for which a suit would lie against his representative <sup>[b]</sup>.

8.—[*Commencement of Act.*] *Repealed by Act XII of 1873.*

Short title.

9. This Act may be cited for all purposes as the Bombay Hindú Heirs' Relief Act, 1866.

<sup>[a]</sup> Portion repealed by Act XII of 1873 is omitted.

<sup>[b]</sup> Words repealed by Bom. Act III of 1886 are omitted.

## BOMBAY ACT No. VIII OF 1866.

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CONTENTS.

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## PREAMBLE.

## SECTIONS.

1. [*Repealed.*]
2. Interpretation-clause.
3. Sellers of poisons to be licensed.
4. Licenses granted in Bombay by Municipal Commissioner, and in mofussil by Collector.  
Form of licenses.
5. Licenses to be of two classes.  
License-fees.
6. Duration of licenses.  
Fee for license granted in second half of year.
7. Renewal of ordinary license.
8. Renewal of special license.
9. License for firm sufficient if taken out by one member.
10. Appropriation of license-fees and fines.
11. Penalty for selling poisons without license.
12. Penalty for refusing to produce license when required.
13. On every sale of poison, particulars to be entered in book by seller, in form in Schedule C.
14. Restrictions as to sale of poisons.
15. Sale of poisons by special licensee to absent purchasers.
16. Poison not to be sold to minor.
17. Provision for colouring arsenic.
18. Penalty for certain offences.
19. Act not to prevent sale of poisons in medicine under medical prescription, or wholesale dealing in poisons.
20. Levy of fines.  
Order for detention on issue of distress-warrant.  
When Magistrate may refrain from issuing distress-warrant.  
Commitment to gaol.
21. Extent.  
Power to declare, in extending Act, by whom duties to be performed, etc.
22. [*Repealed.*]

## SCHEDULE A.—VEGETABLE POISONS.

## MINERAL POISONS.

SCHEDULE B.—FORM OF ORDINARY (*or Special*) LICENSES FOR THE SALE OF POISONOUS SUBSTANCES.

## SCHEDULE C.—FORM OF ENTRY OF SALE OF POISON.